

2024年度

【学校推薦型選抜〈併願型〉(1日目)】

基礎素養検査

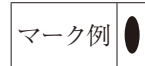
1 限 目

注 意

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 不正行為を行った場合は、本学の選抜日程全ての成績を無効とします。
3. 問題冊子は1部、解答用紙は1枚です。
4. 出題科目、ページおよび選択方法は、下表のとおりです。

出題科目	ページ	選択方法
英 語	1 ~ 10	解答科目は、選択できる科目を受験票で確認のうえ、選択しなさい。
数学 I・A	11 ~ 14	

5. 解答は全てマークセンス方式です。マークは黒鉛筆(シャープペンシル可)で右の例のように正しくマークしてください。



6. 解答用紙には解答欄のほかに次の記入欄があります。

(1)受験番号欄

受験番号を受験番号欄の上欄に算用数字で記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。

(2)解答科目選択欄

解答する科目を1つだけ○で囲み、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。

※受験番号および解答した科目が正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。

7. 記入したマークを訂正する場合は、プラスチック製消しゴムで完全に消し、改めてマークしてください(消しくずを残さないこと)。
8. 解答用紙は折り曲げたり、汚したりしてはいけません。
9. 解答用紙の※印欄はマークしてはいけません。
10. 問題冊子と解答用紙にページの落丁・乱丁および印刷の不鮮明な箇所や汚れなどがある場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
11. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

英 語

(解答番号 ～)

I 次の英文を読み、問い（問1～4）について、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から最も適当なものを一つ選び、解答を ～ に入れなさい。 (16点)

As you sit down for a meal at your favorite Italian restaurant, you pull out your smartphone to see what's happening on Facebook. A friend's status grabs your attention: "Michael T. is at Pizza Pizza." What a surprise! So are you! You spot him across the room and wave hello, and he joins you at your table.

Checking in, also known as "geotagging," has become very popular. Using check-in services, such as those offered by Facebook, Yelp, and Foursquare, people can let friends know whenever they visit a restaurant, shop, or landmark.

Where are people checking in? Some of the locations with the most check-ins are New York's Times Square, a nightclub in Russia, and the Tokyo Dome. Many other sports stadiums and concert venues also made the most-popular list.

Many smartphone users are taking advantage of the benefits that checking in provides. , some stores will offer you a discount for checking in, and you might even be offered a free drink or side dish through a restaurant's program.

Although millions of smartphone users enjoy checking in online, some are concerned that it poses safety risks. For example, some criminals have been reported to plan robberies by using location services to learn when a person is away from home. What's more, even if you've said no to geotagging, you may still be participating in it because some services allow users to check in their friends without permission. Clearly, safety and privacy are concerns to take seriously when it comes to using a check-in service.

In the end, the control of private information is in each person's hands. With the right safety settings in place, checking in can provide a fun, positive way to save money and interact with friends online.

問 1 According to this passage, which of the following is true about “checking in”?

(1)

- ① It has gained great popularity.
- ② It is used primarily at restaurants.
- ③ It is also known as Yelp.
- ④ It has become very expensive.

問 2 The word or phrase that belongs in the in this passage is (2) .

- ① However
- ② For example
- ③ Therefore
- ④ Nonetheless

問 3 The Tokyo Dome is mentioned in this passage as an example of the places where (3) .

- ① many concerts are held every year
- ② people are allowed to use a check-in service
- ③ people can get discounts by checking in
- ④ many people have checked in

問 4 The author suggests that we (4) when using check-in service.

- ① should always try to get discounts
- ② should not spend too much money
- ③ should be careful about our privacy and safety
- ④ should not worry too much about our privacy

Ⅱ 次の英文を読み、問い（問1～4）について、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から最も適当なものを一つ選び、解答を (5) ～ (8) に入れなさい。 (16点)

Exercise is a part of many people's lives today. Many people swim, work out at gyms, or play sports several times a week because they want to be physically fit. But modern people didn't invent exercise. Was exercise popular in the past? The answer is yes! While exercise for physical fitness wasn't as popular in the past as it is today, people have been interested in exercise for thousands of years.

No one knows exactly when humans began to exercise, but we do know that exercise was very important in certain ancient civilizations. In ancient China, people knew that physical activity could help them stay healthy. So sometime between the 17th century BCE and 250 BCE, kung fu was invented in China. Today, people practice kung fu all over the world.

Yoga is another ancient exercise. It is also common today. Yoga was invented in India. It involves stretching, movement, and breathing exercises. There is evidence that people were practicing yoga at least 5,000 years ago. Ancient stones from 3000 BCE include carvings of people in yoga poses. However, many people believe that yoga didn't start in 3000 BCE. They think it began much earlier than that.

Exercise and physical fitness were extremely important in ancient Greece. The ancient Greeks probably cared more about exercise than any other group of people. They thought that exercising the body was as important as exercising the mind. , they made exercise a big part of their society. Some of the types of exercise that the Greeks enjoyed included gymnastics, running, jumping, and wrestling. The ancient Greeks created the Olympic Games in 776 BCE. For almost 12 centuries, athletes competed in the Games every four years. Today, countries all over the globe compete in the Olympic Games.

Physical fitness has been a part of human history for thousands of years. Exercises and events that began far in the past continue today. Do you think that exercises and events from today will be popular thousands of years from now?

出典：Reproduced by permission of Oxford University Press, from TRIO Reading 2 by Kate Adams, Mari Vargo (c) Oxford University Press, 2016.

問 1 According to this passage, which of the following is true? (5)

- ① People were not concerned about their health in ancient China.
- ② People in the modern world exercise only for fun.
- ③ Exercise was important to some ancient people.
- ④ People in the past were much more interested in physical fitness than people today.

問 2 According to this passage, kung fu (6) .

- ① has a longer history than yoga
- ② is widely practiced today
- ③ is not practiced in European countries
- ④ was introduced to China from India

問 3 The word or phrase that belongs in the in this passage is (7) .

- ① However
- ② Therefore
- ③ In contrast
- ④ Unfortunately

問 4 According to this passage, which of the following is true? (8)

- ① The Olympic Games originated in Greece.
- ② The ancient Greeks did completely different types of exercise than we do now.
- ③ The ancient Greeks found little value in training the mind.
- ④ For 12 centuries, athletes competed in the Olympic Games every year.

Ⅲ 次の各文の空欄 (9) ~ (18) に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ ① ~ ④ から一つ選びなさい。(20点)

- 1 We decided (9) to a Chinese restaurant for dinner.
① going ② go ③ to go ④ to going
- 2 It is going to rain. We had better (10) .
① to hurry ② hurrying ③ hurried ④ hurry
- 3 My daughter was born (11) Christmas Day in 2000.
① on ② in ③ with ④ at
- 4 Excuse me, I forgot my pencil. Do you have something to write (12) ?
① of ② by ③ for ④ with
- 5 Ken explained the reason (13) he moved to London.
① what ② why ③ how ④ which
- 6 If I (14) her, I would definitely break up with him.
① had been ② are ③ were ④ am
- 7 David (15) that theater company.
① belongs ② is belonging ③ is belonging to ④ belongs to
- 8 You can go inside the temple after (16) off your shoes.
① taking ② take ③ taken ④ to taking
- 9 I don't like him because he is always rude to (17) .
① another ② others ③ the one ④ the other
- 10 Freshmen (18) to take this course.
① required ② requiring ③ are required ④ are requiring

- IV 次の会話文A～Cの空欄 (19) ～ (27) に入れるのに最も適当な英文を、解答群の ① ～ ⑥ から一つ選びなさい。(18点)

会話文A

Minako speaks to Rob in the cafeteria.

Minako: Hi, I'm Minako. You must be an exchange student from our sister university.

Nice to meet you.

Rob: Yes, I'm Rob. Nice to meet you, too.

Minako: You're a freshman, right?

Rob: No, I'm a sophomore. (19)

Minako: I'm a freshman, and my major is earth science.

Rob: Oh, mine is earth science, too. (20)

Minako: Yes, indeed. (21)

Rob: Yes, it is. Everything's new to me.

Minako: I started living near the campus a week ago, so everything is new to me, too.

出典: 「Let's Read Aloud & Learn English for Science」 角山照彦、Simon Capper 成美堂

(19)～(21)の解答群

- ① How about you?
- ② Where are you from?
- ③ What a coincidence!
- ④ Did you know that?
- ⑤ Is this your first visit to Japan?
- ⑥ When did you arrive in Japan?

会話文B

Andy : Do you exercise?

Marc : (22) I walk downstairs in the morning. I walk to my car. And I walk upstairs
in the evening.

Andy : (23)

Marc : About six hours a night. I go to bed at about five o'clock in the morning, and get
up at about eleven o'clock.

Andy : (24) And you shouldn't go to bed so late.

出典 : Communicate 2 by David Paul, 2012, Compass Publishing

(22)~(24)の解答群

- ① All day long.
- ② How long do you sleep?
- ③ What time do you go to sleep?
- ④ Well, you should exercise more.
- ⑤ Not very much.
- ⑥ You should go to bed earlier.

会話文C

At a restaurant

Man : We're very sorry, ma'am. (25) I'm afraid you'll have to wait about 45 minutes for a table.

Woman : I don't think we can wait that long. (26)

Man : You could try that French restaurant around the corner. They serve good food.

Woman : (27) I hope they don't require reservations.

出典 : 「A Communicative Approach to the TOEIC L&R Test Book 2 Teacher's Manual」 角山照彦、Simon Capper 成美堂

(25)～(27)の解答群

- ① Well, we'll give it a try, then.
- ② Where is it?
- ③ We're full right now.
- ④ Where is our table?
- ⑤ Your table is ready.
- ⑥ We're starving.

V 次の1～6の各英文の下線部と最も近い意味を持つ単語を、それぞれ①～④から一つ選びその解答を (28) ～ (33) に入れなさい。(12点)

- 1 Edward assisted the old man who had trouble walking. (28)
① left ② cured ③ helped ④ examined
- 2 She demanded that we let her in. (29)
① insisted ② permitted ③ suggested ④ offered
- 3 He is a representative of a big firm. (30)
① school ② hope ③ city ④ company
- 4 They have opposite views on the issue. (31)
① experiment ② matter ③ performance ④ result
- 5 That hotel is ideal for families with young children. (32)
① perfect ② famous ③ popular ④ expensive
- 6 Brad has made remarkable progress. (33)
① little ② normal ③ extraordinary ④ slight

VI 次の1～9の日本語に合う最も自然な英文になるように、それぞれの語群を並べ替え、
 (34) ～ (51) に入る語句を一つ選びなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字で書かれて
 いる。各問いの解答が共に正しい場合のみ正解とする。 (18点)

- 1 この建物の地下にレストランがあります。
 () ((34)) () ((35)) () of this building.
 ① a restaurant ② the basement ③ there ④ is ⑤ in
- 2 問題は、来年度の予算が限られているだろうということです。
 () ((36)) () ((37)) () be limited for the next fiscal year.
 ① that ② is ③ the problem ④ the budget ⑤ will
- 3 遠くで鐘が鳴っているのが聞こえました。
 () ((38)) () ((39)) () the distance.
 ① ringing ② the bell ③ I ④ in ⑤ heard
- 4 このアプリはとても使いやすいと思いました。
 I found () ((40)) () ((41)) ().
 ① use ② this app ③ very easy ④ it ⑤ to
- 5 来週、そのニューアルバムは全世界で発売される予定です。
 () ((42)) () ((43)) () worldwide next week.
 ① released ② new album ③ be ④ the ⑤ will
- 6 私の友人に数カ国語を話せる人がいます。
 I () ((44)) () ((45)) () several languages.
 ① speak ② a friend ③ have ④ who ⑤ can
- 7 祖父はオリンピックでメダルを取ったことを誇りにしていました。
 My grandfather () ((46)) () ((47)) () at the Olympics.
 ① proud ② a medal ③ winning ④ was ⑤ of
- 8 サムの弟は彼よりも3歳年下です。
 Sam's brother () ((48)) () ((49)) () him.
 ① than ② younger ③ is ④ years ⑤ three
- 9 その学校は古くなった校則をすべて廃止しました。
 The school () ((50)) () ((51)) () its outdated school rules.
 ① of ② away ③ did ④ all ⑤ with

ご注意

1. 本書の一部あるいは全部について、発行者の許可を得ずに、無断で複写・転写することは禁じられています。
2. 本書の内容に誤り・誤字脱字などございましたら、ご連絡いただくと幸いです。

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