

2026年度

## 【学校推薦型選抜〈併願型〉(1日目)】

## 基礎素養検査

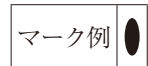
## 1 限 目

## 注 意

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 不正行為を行った場合は、本学の選抜日程全ての成績を無効とします。
3. 問題冊子は1部、解答用紙は1枚です。
4. 出題科目、ページおよび選択方法は、下表のとおりです。

| 出題科目     | ページ     | 選択方法                              |
|----------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| 英 語      | 1 ～ 10  | 解答科目は、選択できる科目を受験票で確認のうえ、選択してください。 |
| 数学Ⅰ, 数学A | 11 ～ 14 |                                   |

5. 解答は全てマークセンス方式です。マークは黒鉛筆(シャープペンシル可)で右の例のように正しくマークしてください。



6. 解答用紙には解答欄のほかに次の記入欄があります。

## (1)受験番号欄

受験番号を受験番号欄の上欄に算用数字で記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。

## (2)解答科目選択欄

解答する科目を1つだけ○で囲み、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。

※受験番号および解答した科目が正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。

7. 記入したマークを訂正する場合は、プラスチック製消しゴムで完全に消し、改めてマークしてください(消しくずを残さないこと)。
8. 解答用紙は折り曲げたり、汚したりしてはいけません。
9. 解答用紙の※印欄はマークしてはいけません。
10. 問題冊子と解答用紙にページの落丁・乱丁および印刷の不鮮明な箇所や汚れなどがある場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
11. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

# 英 語

(解答番号  ～  )

I 次の英文を読み、問い（問1～4）について、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から最も適当なものを一つ選び、解答を  ～  に入れなさい。 (16点)

Detective fiction is a popular genre. Some of the world's most successful and famous authors have written detective stories. There are two main kinds: stories in which private detectives solve a crime, usually a murder; and stories in which a police detective solves a crime.

The first detective short story was written by Edgar Allan Poe in 1841. This story introduced the first fictional detective to the literary world. , perhaps the most well-known fictional detective came 50 years later. He was an Englishman named Sherlock Holmes. Created by Arthur Conan Doyle, Sherlock Holmes was the first fictional detective to gain international popularity.

The first police detective was probably Sergeant Cuff, who solves the crime in *The Moonstone*, one of the first detective novels in English. The author, Wilkie Collins, was a close friend of Charles Dickens, the best-loved English novelist of all time. In fact, Dickens also wrote a type of crime investigation story in *Bleak House*.

Some of the most famous American writers have written detective fiction. The most highly regarded is probably Raymond Chandler, whose private investigator Philip Marlowe provided the archetype for private detectives to follow. Popularized during the late 1930s, Marlowe showed a more intimate and personal side that had not really been seen before in crime fiction.

The most widely read female detective author is Agatha Christie. She created two unforgettable characters—Miss Marple and Hercule Poirot. Christie produced many books involving these detectives, and she is known as one of the most popular mystery novelists in history.

Detective fiction is as popular today as it has ever been—perhaps more so. Because many famous novels have been adapted for television and film, their stories can now be enjoyed by a wider range of people.

問 1 According to this passage, Edgar Allan Poe .

- ① was perhaps the greatest private detective
- ② introduced the first police detective to the literary world
- ③ wrote a type of crime investigation story in *Bleak House*
- ④ created the first fictional detective

問 2 The word or phrase that belongs in the  in this passage is .

- ① However
- ② Therefore
- ③ To begin with
- ④ Lastly

問 3 According to this passage, which of the following is true?

- ① Sherlock Holmes was the first fictional detective.
- ② Agatha Christie wrote stories about Miss Marple and Hercule Poirot.
- ③ Raymond Chandler is a fictional character created by Philip Marlowe.
- ④ Charles Dickens created a famous detective called Sergeant Cuff.

問 4 What is the purpose of this passage?

- ① To introduce the most famous detective story writer
- ② To explain why detective stories are popular
- ③ To tell the history and types of detective stories
- ④ To show how to write a good detective story

Ⅱ 次の英文を読み、問い（問1～4）について、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から最も適当なものを一つ選び、解答を (5) ～ (8) に入れなさい。 (16点)

Learning is important to us all. But how do we learn things? There are various theories about learning. Scientists agree, though, that not everyone learns in the same way. They think there are three main styles of learning. People can be auditory, visual, or tactile learners.

An auditory learner learns best by hearing and listening. If you are an auditory learner, you remember what you hear. You often learn by reading out loud. You have to hear or speak something in order to understand it. Here are some tips for auditory learners: Read stories, homework, or new information out loud. Use flashcards to learn, but be sure to read them out loud for the best results.

A visual learner, on the other hand, learns best by reading or looking at pictures. If you are a visual learner, you remember things by sight. You remember things by making a picture of them in your head. Here are some tips for visual learners: Write down new information and use flashcards to learn new words. Using color to organize information is also helpful.

Finally, a tactile learner learns by touching and doing. If you are a tactile learner, you are “hands-on.” You like to touch, build, or draw what you learn. You learn best through physical activity. Consider these tips for tactile learners: Try to act out stories and make projects by hand. Trace words with fingers to learn spelling. Walking around while you study is also helpful.

Which learning style do you think suits you best? Of course, most people do not use only one style to learn. Often, they will use a combination. But if you are having trouble remembering, perhaps you should consider your learning style!

問 1 According to this passage, which of the following is true?

(5)

- ① Scientists agree that there is only one good way of learning.
- ② An auditory learner learns best by reading silently.
- ③ There is more than one way to learn things.
- ④ Auditory learning is the most effective way for everyone.

問 2 According to this passage, which of the following is the most helpful for visual learners?

(6)

- ① To link words with sound
- ② To use illustrations
- ③ To make bodily movements
- ④ To avoid using color

問 3 According to this passage, a tactile learner

(7)

.

- ① learns well by touching or drawing
- ② needs a virtual space to learn
- ③ is confused by playing a role while learning
- ④ is very good at building up things in their mind

問 4 What is the best title for this passage?

(8)

- ① Three Steps to Learn
- ② The Best Time to Learn
- ③ What to Learn from Other People
- ④ Different Ways of Learning

Ⅲ 次の各文の空欄 (9) ～ (18) に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から一つ選びなさい。(20点)

- 1 How much is the parking fee (9) month?  
① by a                      ② per                      ③ with a                      ④ of
- 2 The horse and the rider (10) I saw last week won first place.  
① which                      ② whose                      ③ what                      ④ that
- 3 Although the game was slow, it was still worth (11) .  
① watching                      ② watch                      ③ to watch                      ④ of watching
- 4 (12) you late for the first-period class this morning?  
① Did                      ② Do                      ③ Were                      ④ Are
- 5 I'm trying to spend (13) money on unnecessary things because I want to buy a car.  
① fewer                      ② less                      ③ lesser                      ④ few
- 6 (14) it was raining, we decided to stay home and play video games.  
① Unless                      ② Although                      ③ Until                      ④ Since
- 7 The climate of Kyushu is as mild as (15) of Shikoku.  
① those                      ② one                      ③ that                      ④ it
- 8 My daughter promised (16) me when she arrived.  
① having called                      ② to calling                      ③ calling                      ④ to call
- 9 I (17) my girlfriend for dinner tomorrow.  
① have met                      ② have been meeting                      ③ was meeting                      ④ am meeting
- 10 (18) a second chance, my son made up his mind to work hard.  
① Give                      ② Giving                      ③ Given                      ④ To give

- IV 次の会話文A～Cの空欄 (19) ～ (27) に入れるのに最も適当な英文を，解答群の ① ～ ⑥ から一つ選びなさい。 (18点)

会話文A

Woman: Hi, I see you are wearing a tennis club T-shirt. Are you a member?

Man: (19) I love tennis!

Woman: What do you do in the club?

Man: We play tennis, of course. (20)

Woman: That sounds fun. I want to learn how to play, but I'm not sure if I'm good enough to join the club.

Man: (21) We are all friendly and just here to have fun.

(19)～(21)の解答群

- ① We also hang out after games.
- ② Maybe you shouldn't join.
- ③ Yes, I am.
- ④ Do you like tennis?
- ⑤ You don't have to worry about that!
- ⑥ No, I'm not.

会話文B

Man: What's your favorite food?

Woman: That's a hard question. Pizza, steak, and pasta are all great. If I had to choose,  
I'd say a simple burger, though. (22)

Man: I agree! Do you like any toppings on your burger?

Woman: Yes, I love cheese and tomatoes, but I don't like other vegetable toppings. (23)

Man: Just a simple burger is good for me too, as long as there are fries on the side.

Woman: There's this new burger place nearby, but I heard it's a bit expensive.

Man: I've been wanting to go, but I can't afford to right now. (24)

(22)～(24)の解答群

- ① You should have some pasta.
- ② How do you like your burgers?
- ③ Shall we go have a burger?
- ④ I'll save some money so we can try it next time!
- ⑤ Burgers are great.
- ⑥ Let's go!

会話文C

Man: Hey, Lisa. Any fun plans for the weekend?

Woman: Hi, Mike! Yes! We're having a family picnic in the park.

Man: That sounds great! (25)

Woman: No, just a chance to spend some time together. Everyone is having a busy week.

Man: I understand. (26)

Woman: Thanks, I'm excited! What about you? Any weekend plans?

Man: (27) Maybe a movie night with my brother.

(25)～(27)の解答群

- ① Nothing too exciting.
- ② Do you mind if I join you?
- ③ Enjoy your family time!
- ④ Why are you having the picnic?
- ⑤ No, thank you.
- ⑥ Is it for any special reason?

V 次の1～6の各英文の下線部と最も近い意味を持つ単語を、それぞれ ① ～ ④ から一つ選びその解答を (28) ～ (33) に入れなさい。(12点)

- |   |                                                                                                           |      |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 1 | I <u>look up to</u> my grandmother because she's very independent and has her own business.               | (28) |
|   | ① help                      ② like                      ③ respect                      ④ thank            |      |
| 2 | I had my car <u>repaired</u> yesterday.                                                                   | (29) |
|   | ① fixed                      ② stolen                      ③ washed                      ④ cleaned        |      |
| 3 | Jeff works in San Francisco's financial <u>district</u> .                                                 | (30) |
|   | ① company                      ② firm                      ③ crisis                      ④ area           |      |
| 4 | Students should be encouraged to set their own <u>objectives</u> .                                        | (31) |
|   | ① budgets                      ② aims                      ③ preferences                      ④ limits    |      |
| 5 | The writer's <u>latest</u> book is a must-read for fans of mystery novels.                                | (32) |
|   | ① newest                      ② popular                      ③ debut                      ④ early         |      |
| 6 | The food in that restaurant was <u>amazing</u> .                                                          | (33) |
|   | ① terrible                      ② expensive                      ③ fantastic                      ④ spicy |      |

- Ⅵ 次の1～9の日本語に合う最も自然な英文になるように、それぞれの語群を並べ替え、  
(34) ～ (51) に入る語句を一つ選びなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字で書かれている。各問いの解答が共に正しい場合のみ正解とする。 (18点)

- 1 先生は生徒たちに貴重な教訓を教えました。  
( ) ( (34) ) ( ) ( (35) ) ( ).  
① lessons ② valuable ③ the students ④ taught ⑤ the teacher
- 2 ミッシェルが歌った歌はとても感動的でした。  
( ) ( (36) ) ( ) ( (37) ) ( ) very moving.  
① songs ② were ③ sang ④ the ⑤ Michelle
- 3 花粉症なので、私にとって一年のうちで一番つらいのは春です。  
( ) ( (38) ) ( ) ( (39) ) ( ) me is spring because I have hay fever.  
① of ② for ③ the year ④ time ⑤ the hardest
- 4 この本は、先週読んだ本より簡単です。  
This book ( ) ( (40) ) ( ) ( (41) ) ( ) I read last week.  
① than ② the ③ easier ④ is ⑤ one
- 5 私の猫は、私が食事をしている間、テーブルに登ってきて私を困らせます。  
( ) ( (42) ) ( ) ( (43) ) ( ) on the table while I'm eating.  
① my cat ② climbing ③ by ④ bothers ⑤ me
- 6 彼の奇妙な行動は、彼の真意を理解するのを困難にしました。  
His strange behavior ( ) ( (44) ) ( ) ( (45) ) ( ) his true intentions.  
① discern ② it ③ to ④ difficult ⑤ made
- 7 新鮮な空気は、ハイカーたちを清々しい気分にしました。  
The fresh air ( ) ( (46) ) ( ) ( (47) ) ( ).  
① hikers ② refreshed ③ the ④ feel ⑤ made
- 8 彼の試みは、称賛と懸念の両方をもって迎えられました。  
( ) ( (48) ) ( ) ( (49) ) ( ) both admiration and concern.  
① with ② his ③ met ④ was ⑤ attempt
- 9 私は留学する機会を得たことを感謝しています。  
I'm grateful ( ) ( (50) ) ( ) ( (51) ) ( ).  
① having ② study abroad ③ the chance ④ for ⑤ to

#### ご注意

1. 本書の一部あるいは全部について，発行者の許可を得ずに，無断で複写・転写することは禁じられています。
2. 本書の内容に誤り・誤字脱字などございましたら，ご連絡いただけると幸いです。

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